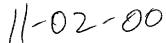
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PATENT APPLICATION 2

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL LETTER

Atty./Agent Docket No.: CE08951R Mailing Date: November 1, 2000 Express Mail Label No.: EF263309709US

Assistant Commissioner for Patents **Box Patent Application** Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:
Transmitted herewith for filing under 37 CFR 1.53 (b) is a Nonprovisional Utility Patent Application:
X New Application; or
Continuation; orDivisional, orContinuation-in-Part (CIP) Application of prior US application No, filed on, having US Examiner, in Group Art Unit; of
Inventor(s): Love et al.
For (Title): Apparatus and Method for Providing Separate Forward Dedicated and Shared Control Channels in a Communications System
This transmittal letter has 2 total pages.
Enclosed are:
χ 4 sheets of drawings, along with 19 pages of specification, claims, and abstract.
X Oath or Declaration Combined with Power of Attorney (_4pages) X Newly Executed (original or copy) Copy from a prior application (if this is a Continuation/Division with no new matter) Statement deleting named inventor(s) in prior application if this is a Continuation/Division (See 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).) Consider as the above Statement, Please delete as inventors for this application the following inventors named in the prior application:
Foreign priority to Patent application having serial number, and a filing date of is hereby claimed under 35 USC 119 A copy of the priority document is included herewith.
X An Assignment Transmittal Letter and Assignment of the invention to MOTOROLA, INC.
An Information Disclosure Statement (IDS), with PTO-1449, and citation copies.
Petition For Extension of Time for parent application of the present Continuation/Division/CIP application
X Print EFS Inventor Information Sheet(s).

CE08951R Page 1 of 2

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X	Return Receipt Postcard
	Preliminary Amendment
	Please cancel filed claims
	Incorporation by Reference (for Continuation/Division application) The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.
X	The present application is based on prior provisional US application No. 60/197,588, filed on April 17, 2000
X	The filing fee is calculated as follows: CLAIMS AS FILED, LESS ANY CANCELED BY AMENDMENT

	NUMBER OF CLAIMS	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	FEE
TOTAL CLAIMS	27 - 20 =	7	X \$18	= \$126.00
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS	2 - 3 =	0	X \$80	= \$.00
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS \$270			= \$0.00	
BASIC FEE			=\$ 710.00	
TOTAL FILING FEE			=\$ 836.00	

- X Please charge Deposit Account No. 13-4772 in the amount of \$ 836.00 for the Total Filing Fee.
- X The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required now or in the future under 37 CFR 1.16 or 37 CFR 1.17, including any present or future time extension fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 13-4772
- X One additional copy of this sheet is enclosed

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

Title Line One:: Apparatus and Method for Providing Separ Title Line Two:: ate Forward Dedicated and Shared Control Title Line Three:: Channels in a Communication System

Total Drawing Sheets:: 4 Formal Drawings?:: No Application Type:: Utility Docket Number:: CE08951R

Secrecy Order in Parent Appl.?:: No

REPRESENTATIVE INFORMATION

Representative Customer Number:: 22917

CONTINUITY INFORMATION

This application is a:: NON PROV. OF PROVISIONAL

Application One:: 60/197,588

Filing Date:: 04-17-2000

Source:: PrintEFS Version 1.0.1

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APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR PROVIDING SEPARATE FORWARD DEDICATED AND SHARED CONTROL CHANNELS IN A COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/197,588, filed April 17, 2000.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to an apparatus and method for providing separate dedicated and shared control channels in a communications system and, more particularly, in a forward link of a Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) communication system.

Typically in communication systems such as CDMA and, more particularly, CDMA evolutions such as WCDMA, dedicated channels are required for sending data and also for control of the system. Within the forward link of such systems, a single channel is used to carry the information to be transmitted and characteristics of the transmitted information are conveyed on another separate forward control channel. Each of these channels occupies a Walsh code from a finite set of available Walsh codes. To keep the system from becoming Walsh code limited it is important to conserve Walsh code resources. The allocation of these dedicated channels for each user typically requires rapid shuffling between dormant and active states to free up Walsh code resources. Problems that arise from this rapid shuffling include too few bits available, too

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few users, too much power, too much reverse link automatic repeat request . (ARQ), latancy, or too much reliance on using a data channel such as a shared channel (SHCH) for layer 3 information (e.g., switching of mobile stations between active and hold states) and ARQ. The shared channel SHCH is the forward channel used to send data packets to users in the active state and can reach very high peak data rates by using over 80% of the available Walsh code resources. However, the Walsh code resources are limited in the conventional systems because of the relatively small spreading factor sizes required to support the required payload and coding bits sent on the SHCH. Thus, a larger size spreading factor is critical for affording less power and more users to be supported, which are possible if bits can be more efficiently allocated.

Stated differently, the desire is to use as little of the Walsh Code resource as possible for a dedicated channel that, therefore, requires using a large spreading factor (a Walsh code of relatively large size such as 256 for CDMA2000 or WCDMA). The smaller the Walsh code resource used, the larger the number of dedicated channels that may be supported, which helps make rapid shuffling requirements less stringent. With a large spreading factor it is difficult to support many bits for a given frame duration, which is typically small (e.g. 3.33ms) to match that of a data channel like the SHCH, and to optimize over the air transmission and scheduling. Using smaller spreading factors not only uses more Walsh code resources, but requires more transmit power for a given reliability level and reduces system capacity. Also it is possible to achieve more bits with a

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large spreading factor by using higher order modulation such as 8PSK but, again, at the expense of more transmit power.

There is therefore a need for a method and apparatus that affords more efficient allocation of bits and Walsh codes resources in a spread spectrum communication system.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 illustrates a diagram of a communication system incorporating the method and apparatus incorporating a method and apparatus using separate dedicated and shared control channels in accordance with a preferred embodiment;

Figure 2 illustrates a frame format for a dedicated pointer channel in an assignment format according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 3 illustrates a frame format for a dedicated pointer channel in a null format according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 4 illustrates a frame format of a shared control channel according to an embodiment of the present invention; and

Figure 5 illustrates a schematic diagram for providing separate dedicated and shared control channels according to an embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

In order to better use the Walsh Code resource efficiently, it is possible to separate control and layer 3 information into data that is required to be sent in

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every frame interval whether or not a mobile user is scheduled to receive data over a data channel such as the shared channel (SHCH) and additional data that only needs to be sent when the SHCH is scheduled for that user or when layer 3 information needs to be sent. Hence, it is more efficient to provide a set of dedicated control channels for the data that is always required to be sent and a smaller set of shared control channels for the additional data, which is sent less frequently.

According to this scheme of separating information into different channels, the dedicated control channel is always transmitted to a given user that is not in a dormant state. The shared dedicated channel is allocated to a given user if it is to receive data over a data channel such as the SHCH and needs information to properly decode and use it or layer 3 information needs to be sent and hence, in either case, more bits are needed. Typically, only a small number of users (e.g., <3) will be simultaneously scheduled for a given frame interval or will need layer 3 information, hence, a smaller number of shared control channels are required compared to the dedicated control channels. Dedicated control channels will be referred to as dedicated pointer channels (DPTRCH) in this description.

Hence, the present invention is directed to a method and apparatus that provide a separate pointer channel and shared control channel instead of a single control channel as employed in the conventional systems. Thus, a statistical approach can be taken that allows control information and other information that is requisitely persistent to be transmitted via a dedicated control channel while other information that is intermittent may be transmitted in shared channel

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resources. This statistical splitting of control information into multiple channels affords more economical use of Walsh code resources and sufficient bits at lower power levels without over reliance on the shared channel SHCH. The dedicated pointer control channel DPTRCH is used to continuously communicate information including whether or not a mobile unit in a forward link portion of a spread spectrum communication system has need to receive information concerning a data channel such as a shared channel SHCH that is accessed via the shared control channel SHCCH. Hence, the dedicated pointer control channel DPTRCH is used to point to the shared control channel SHCCH when information is to be sent via a data channel, in this case the shared channel SHCH, thereby allowing the shared channel resources to be used only when needed and, hence, more efficiently.

Figure 1 illustrates a communication system, shown generally at 10, including a base station 12 and a mobile unit 14. Within the forward link from the base 12 to the mobile 14, is the shared channel SHCH, the shared control channel SHCCH and the dedicated pointer control channel DPTRCH as identified in Figure 1. In the present system, however, only the dedicated power control channel DPTRCH is persistent, allowing only those mobile units in an active state that require further control via the shared control channel SHCCH and the forward link channel SHCH to have more available Walsh codes to use. The dedicated pointer control channel DPTRCH is used to point to a pool of shared control channels SHCCH that supplement the payload of the dedicated pointer control

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channel DPTRCH in order to convey assignments on the shared data channel SHCH.

Figure 2 illustrates a typical dedicated pointer control channel frame 20 in an assignment format (i.e., when the frame is used to convey information concerning a shared control channel SHCCH). Within this frame 20 are a number of information fields that are used to convey information essential for maintaining users in the cell area of the base 12, whether in inactive or control hold state. The first field is an indicator or pointer field 22 that communicates whether information on a shared control channel SHCCH needs to be transmitted and the Walsh code assignment of the particular shared control channel SHCCH to which this field points. The pointer field 22 may be of any length necessary to communicate the number of different shared channel Walsh codes allocated for the shared channels. In a preferred embodiment, this pointer field is set at 3 bits, which is capable of communicating up to 8 different states of the shared channel SHCCH.

The next field within the dedicated pointer channel DPTRCH frame 20 is a reserved link control 24 that is used to communicate information such as the message sequence length shown in field 30 contained within the reserved link control field 24. The reserved link control field 24 may also contain reverse link scheduling information (not shown). Further information may include a hybrid automatic repeat request HARQ shown in field 32 of the reserve link control 24. In an alternate embodiment, the reserved link control field 24 may contain the starting Walsh code, the modulation coding scheme (MCS) and ARQ information.

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The dedicated pointer channel frame DPTRCH also contains cyclic redundancy check CRC information for forward error correction shown in field 26 of the frame 20. Additionally, the frame contains power control bit information 27 to regulate the reverse link power for a CDMA system and a tail 28 to mark the end of the frame.

According to a preferred embodiment, the dedicated pointer frame DPTRCH is typically 5 milliseconds long. However, the time length of the frame is not limited to this amount, but could be modified to whatever particular communication system the frame is being used. Similarly, the fields and width in bits may also be modified on the DPTRCH.

Figure 3 illustrates a dedicated pointer channel frame DPTRCH in a "null" format or, in other words, when information is not required to be transmitted on a corresponding shared control channel SHCCH. Similar to the assignment format 20, the null frame 34 contains a pointer field 35, a CRC field 37, a power control bit field 38 and a tail 39. Different from the assignment format, the null frame format merely transmits a reserved field 36 containing reverse link scheduling information for the reverse link in a CDMA system.

Figure 4 illustrates a shared control channel SHCCH frame shown generally at 40. This frame includes an assignment field 42 having various aperiodic or intermittent information such as information required for demodulation of the shared channel SHCH or as a transport for automatic repeat request ARQ feedback in layer 3 signaling information. The assignment field 42 of Figure 4 is shown to include fields 48-50, which may include a field 48 for

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indicating the particular modulating coding scheme MCS that is used in the . forward shared channel SHCH, a starting Walsh code 49 and gain information 50. Similar to the dedicated pointer control frame, the shared channel frame 40 also includes a cyclic redundancy check CRC field 44 and tail information in field 46.

Correlating with the alternate embodiment discussed previously in connection with Figure 2, the assignment field 42 may instead contain gain information, ARQ information and Layer 3 signaling information, while the dedicated pointer channel frame carries information concerning the starting Walsh codes, the MCS and further ARQ information. Other combinations of field assignments to the DPTRCH and the SHCCH are also possible. In addition, further enhancements of the scheme are readily observable, such as additional levels of SHCCH and joint coding (either correction or error detection) across the codes a user receives and uses.

Within the present system, to insure that sufficient number of Walsh codes are available for the forward shared channels, the dedicated pointer channel DPTRCH and shared channel SHCCH are assigned to part of a Walsh code tree that does not overlap with the codes for the forward shared channel SHCH. For example, for Walsh codes of length 16, the dedicated pointer channel DPTRCH and shared control channel SHCCH would be assigned to a portion of a Walsh code tree that does not overlap with codes 2-15 of length 16, for instance. In a preferred embodiment, mobile users in the active state maintain a unique dedicated pointer channel DPTRCH that is assigned a Walsh code of length 512.

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Figure 5 illustrates an apparatus for generating the respective dedicated pointer control channel DPTRCH and shared control channels SHCCH. A dedicated pointer control channel generator 60 includes a convolutional coder 64 that receives control data from a transmitter (e.g., a base station) be input thereto. The convolutional coder 64 encodes the data at a particular coding rate (e.g., R = ½ rate sets). The encoding data is then sent to an interleaver 66 that interleaves the data according to any number of known interleaving schemes. After the data is interleaved, an M-ary modulator 68 modulates the data according to any number of known modulation schemes such as QPSK or 8PSK. The modulated data is then sent to multiplexer 70, which multiplexes the modulated data with power control bit information. The power control bit is included in the dedicated pointer DPTRCH since this information is required for each user within the base station 12 cell, irrespective of whether the mobile is in the active or control hold state (an active state being when data is transmitted to be received by the mobile and the control hold state being when no data is transmitted to the mobile). The multiplexed data B_{DPTR} output from the multiplexer 70 is then multiplied by a multiplier 72 with a Walsh code w_n and output for transmission at particular chip rate R_c. Preferably, the chip rate is equal to 1.2288 million chips per second (Mcps) according to the IS95 standard or 3.84 Mcps according to WCDMA.

Additionally, a switching element (not shown) or some other equivalent means to prevent the control data B from being transmitted may be utilized as will be appreciated by one of ordinary skill in the art. The control data B is prevented from being transmitted in those instances where a mobile is in a control hold state

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and no data via the shared channel SHCH is to be transmitted to the mobile 14 within the time frame of the dedicated pointer channel frame. Hence, a "null" frame will be generated with only the requisite power control bit information.

A shared control generator 62 contains similar elements as the dedicated pointer channel generator 60, including a convolutional encoder 74 and interleaver 76 and an M-ary modulator 78. However, the shared channel control generator 62 does not require a multiplexer since the power control bit information is sent only via the dedicated pointer control channel DPTRCH. Thus the modulated control data B_{SCH} from the modulator 78 is multiplied by multiplier 80 by Walsh codes w_n for transmission on the forward link. Of course, if a mobile unit to which control data is sent is in the control hold state no control data B_{SCH} will be transmitted via the shared controlled channel generator 62.

As stated previously, utilization of a dedicated pointer channel DPTRCH transmitting only essential persistent control information and pointing to intermittent control information carried on the shared control channel SHCCH only when the intermittent control information has needs to be sent affords more efficient allocation of system resources in a spread spectrum communication system. Additionally, it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the present method and apparatus may be utilized in other communication systems that transmit overhead information such as control information in order to efficiently allocate resources.

The present invention has been described for exemplary purposes in terms of presently preferred embodiments. It should be understood, however, that

persons of ordinary skill in the art may otherwise embody its broad teachings without departing from its fair scope.

What is claimed is:

1. A method for providing control information in a communication system comprising the steps of:

providing a first control channel communicating a first set of control information to at least one component within the communication system; and providing a second control channel selectively communicating a second set of control information to the at least one component within the communication system based on the first set of control information.

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- 2. The method according to claim 1, further comprising: transmitting data on a data channel to the at least one component; and wherein the first set of control information includes an indicator value that is used by the communication system to indicate that the second set of control information on the second control channel is transmitted to the at least one component, to identify the second control channel and to indicate that data on the data channel is transmitted to the at least one component.
- 3. The method according to claim 2, wherein the first set of control information further includes dedicated control information.

- 4. The method according to claim 3, wherein the dedicated control information includes at least one of power control information and reverse link scheduling information.
- 5 5. The method according to claim 2, wherein the first set of control information includes at least one of a starting Walsh code assignment of the data channel, information concerning the modulation type of the data channel, a coding rate and message sequence length.
- 10 6. The method according to claim 2, wherein the second control channel is a shared control channel selected from a plurality of pooled shared control channels based on the indicator value.
 - 7. The method according to claim 2, wherein the second set of control information includes at least one of information for demodulating information transmitted on the data channel, gain information, and ARQ information.
 - 8. The method according to claim 1, wherein the communication system is a code division multiple access system.
 - 9. The method according to claim 8, wherein the first and second control channels are part of a forward link in the code division multiple access system.

10. The method according to claim 1, wherein the first set of control . information includes an indicator value that is used by the communication system to indicate that the second set of control information on the second control channel is not transmitted to the at least one component.

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- 11. The method according to claim 1, further comprising:

 transmitting data on a data channel to the at least one component; and
 wherein the first set of control information includes an indicator value that
 is used by the communication system to indicate that the second set of control
 information on the second control channel is transmitted to the at least one
 component, to identify the second control channel and to indicate that data on the
 data channel is not transmitted to the at least one component.
- 15 12. The method according to claim 1, further comprising:

 transmitting data on a data channel to the at least one component; and
 wherein the first set of control information includes an indicator value that
 is used bythe communication system to indicate that the second set of control
 information on the second control channel is not transmitted to the at least one

 component and data on the data channel is not transmitted to the at least one
 component.

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13. An apparatus for providing control information in a communication . system comprising:

a first control channel transmitter configured for transmitting a first set of control information to at least one component within the communication system; and

a second control channel transmitter configured for selectively transmitting a second set of control information to the at least one component within the communication system based on the first set of control information.

- 14. The apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the first set of control information includes an indicator value that is used by the communication system to indicate that the second set of control information is transmitted to the at least one component and to identify the second control channel.
- 15. The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the first set of control information further includes dedicated control information.
 - 16. The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the dedicated control information includes at least one of power control information and reverse link scheduling information.

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- 17. The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the second control channel is a shared control channel selected from a plurality of pooled shared control channels based on the indicator value.
- The apparatus according to claim 13, further comprising:

 a data channel transmitter configured for transmitting data over a data

channel to the at least one component; and

wherein the first set of control information includes an indicator value that is used by the communication system to indicate that the second set of control information on the second control channel is transmitted to the at least one component, to identify the second control channel and to indicate that data on the data channel is transmitted to the at least one component.

- 19. The apparatus according to claim 18, wherein the first set of control information includes at least one of a starting Walsh code assignment of the data channel, information concerning the modulation type of the data channel, a coding rate and message sequence length.
- 20. The apparatus according to claim 18, wherein the second set of control information includes at least one of information for demodulating information transmitted on the data channel, gain information, and ARQ information.

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- 21. The apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the communication system is a code division multiple access system.
- 22. The apparatus according to claim 21, wherein the first and second control channels are within a forward link transmitting portion of the code division multiple access system.
- 23. The apparatus of claim 13, wherein the first control channel transmitter is comprised of an input configured to receive control data; an encoder connected to the input for encoding control data, an interleaver for interleaving the encoded control data; a modulator for modulating the interleaved encoded control data according to a prescribed modulation scheme and outputting modulated control data; a multiplexer for multiplexing the modulated control data with at least power control information, the multiplexer outputting multiplexed control data; and a multiplier for multiplying a Walsh number with the multiplexed control data.
- 24. The apparatus of claim 13, wherein the second control transmitter is comprised of an input configured to receive control data; an encoder connected to the input for encoding control data, an interleaver for interleaving the encoded control data; a modulator for modulating the interleaved encoded control data according to a prescribed modulation scheme and outputting modulated control data; and a multiplier for multiplying a Walsh number with the modulated control data.

25. The apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the first set of control information includes an indicator value that is used by the communication system to indicate that the second set of control information on the second control channel is not transmitted to the at least one component.

26. The apparatus according to claim 13, further comprising:

a data channel transmitter configured for transmitting data over a data channel to the at least one component; and

wherein the first set of control information includes an indicator value that is used by the communication system to indicate that the second set of control information on the second control channel is transmitted to the at least one component, to identify the second control channel and to indicate that data on the data channel is not transmitted to the at least one component.

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27. The apparatus according to claim 13, further comprising:

a data channel transmitter configured for transmitting data over a data channel to the at least one component; and

wherein the first set of control information includes an indicator value that is used by the communication system to indicate that the second set of control information on the second control channel is not transmitted to the at least one component and data on the data channel is not transmitted to the at least one component

APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR PROVIDING SEPARATE . FORWARD DEDICATED AND SHARED CONTROL CHANNELS IN A COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM

5 ABSTRACT

Separate forward dedicated and shared control channels are provided in a spread-spectrum communication. The forward dedicated control channel is used to communicate persistent control information and point to the shared control channel when further intermittent control information concerning transmission of data to a mobile station needs to be communicated. The use of a dedicated control channel for only necessary persistent control information, while only pointing to a shared control channel when it is needed, affords more efficient utilization of system resources.

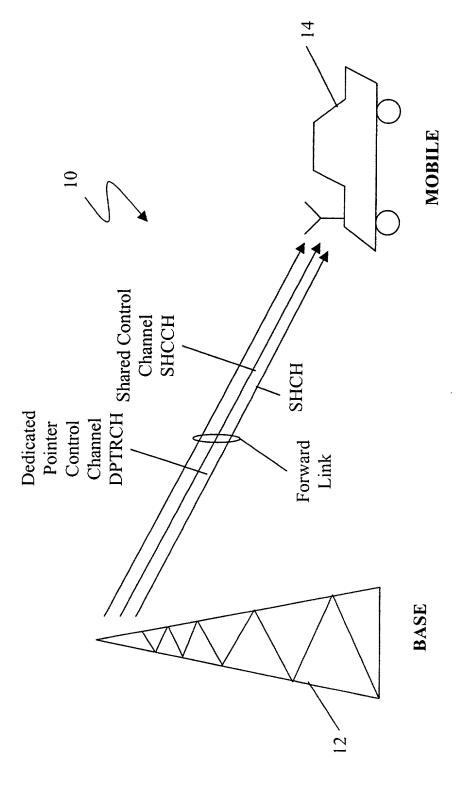
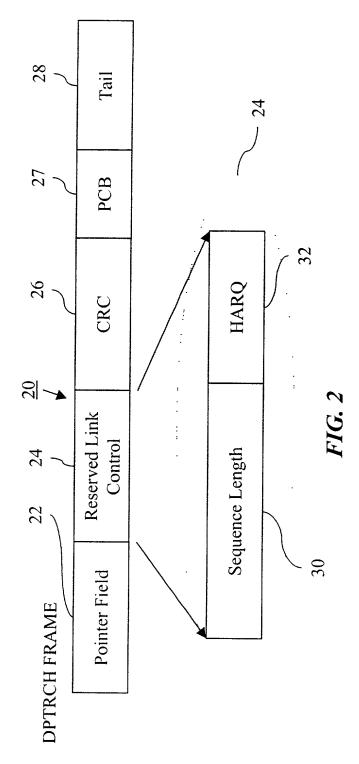
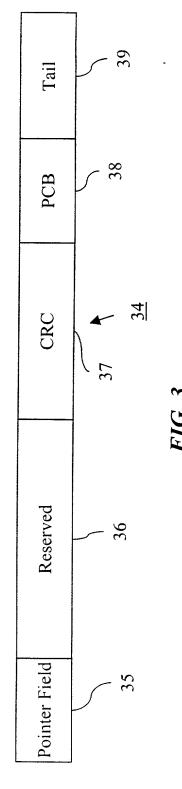


FIG. 1

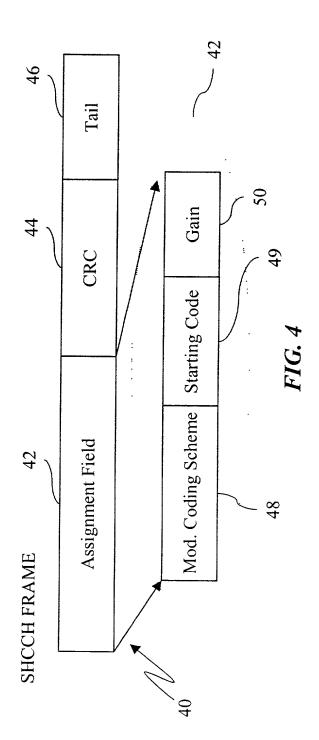
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NULL DPTRCH FRAME



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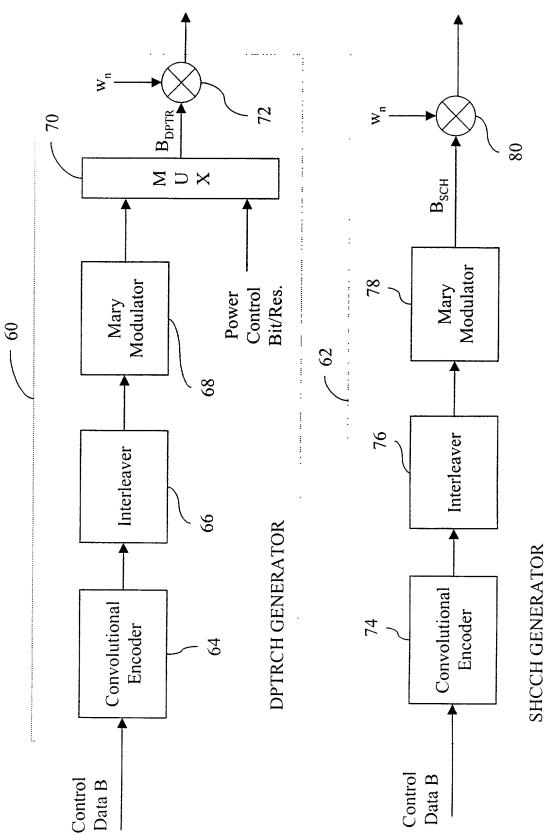


FIG. 5

PATENT APPLICATION DECLARATION COMBINED WITH POWER OF ATTORNEY

Attorney's Docket No.: CE08951R

Yes

No

Regular (Utility) Design Application As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that: My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name. I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR PROVIDING SEPARATE FORWARD DEDICATED AND SHARED CONTROL CHANNELS IN A COMMUNICAITONS SYSTEM the specification of which: is attached hereto was filed on: as U.S. Serial No.: and was amended on (if applicable) I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with 37 CFR § 1.56(a). I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United states of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed: Prior Foreign Application(s): such application(s) identified as no such application(s) filed follows: Date of Filing **Priority Claimed Application Number** Country (day, month, year) Yes No

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Provisional Application	on Serial No.: 60/197	7,588
Provisional Application	on Filing Date: April	17, 2000
365(c) of any PCT internation below and, insofar as the subjection the prior United States or P paragraph of 35 USC 112, I ac	nal application designating ct matter of each of the claic CT International application cknowledge the duty to discount \$1.56 which became an experience of the control of	f any United States application(s), or the United States of America, listed ms of this application is not disclosed in in the manner provided by the first close information which is material to vailable between the filing date of the ing date of this application.
Prior U.S. Application(s):		
	no such application	n(s) filed
	such application(s)) identified as follows:
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U.S. Parent Application No. or PCT Parent No.	Filing Date (day, month, year)	Status (Patented, Pending, Abandoned)

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 USC and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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City	State or	Country	Zip Code
Full name of second-named joint inventor BRIAN K. CLASSON			
Inventor's signature	Bun KC	Oussor Date	10-30-2000
Residence Pal	atine	IL	
	City	State or Fo	reign Country
Citizenship USA			
	Country		
Post Office Address	756 W. Bloomfield Co	urt	
	Street	Address	
Palatine	IL		60067
City	State or	Country	Zip Code

Full name of third-named joint i	nventor AMITAVA	GHOSH	
Inventor's signature		1-1-1	
Residence Vernon Hills		IL	
City		State or Foreign Country	
Citizenship India			
Citizenship India Coun	try		
	•		
Post Office Address 289 Hunte	Street Address		
		(00/1	
Vernon Hills	State on Country	60061 Zip Code	
City	State or Country	Zip Code	
Full name of fourth-named join			
Inventor's signature Janay	Dalloul	Date	
Residence Palatine		IL	
City		IL State or Foreign Country	
Citizenship Lebanon Coun	trv		
	•		
Post Office Address 1501 Chi	ruchill Drive, #104 Street Address		
	Succi Addiess		
Palatine	IL	60067	
City	State or Country	Zip Code	
Full name of fifth-named joint i	nventor MARK C.	CUDAK	
Inventor's signature	l () Cull	Date Oct 30, 2000	
		,	
Residence McHenry City		IL State or Foreign Country	
		Sate of Foreign Country	
Citizenship USA	atus I		
Country			
Post Office Address 3318 Ch	The second secon		
	Street Address		
McHenry	IL	60050	
City	State or Country	Zip Code	